

**House of the Future** 

### **Office Overview**



#### Overall planning old/new build

- Architechture + Technical planning
- Building measurement+ expert advice
- PH-Consulting + Certification
- Training + Development

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### We need new recipes ! Special attributes in heated non-residential buildings

### **Standard Non-Res**

**High heating demand** in spite of high internal heat gains, (facilities, light, people,..)

**High cooling demand** caused by internal gains, missing systems for passive cooling (shading, ventilation, brine energy,..) and normally high requirements to summer comfort in working areas.

#### This causes higher costs for cooling than for heating







### We need new recipes ! Special attributes in heated non-residential buildings

#### **Passive Non-Res**

**Minimal heating demand** by consequent avoiding of losses and using the high internal heat gains, (facilities, light, people)

**Minimal cooling demand** by integrated shading concepts and using passive cooling (ventilation over night and brine energy) to meet the high requirements to summer comfort in working areas.

#### This causes low costs for cooling and heating



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### Passive Art Museum Ravensburg 2012

1st PH-Museum worldwide with PHI Certification



Source: architekten professor arno lederer, jorunn ragnarsdóttir, marc oei



### **Building envelope: Thermal bridges**

Thermal bridge influence:  $U_{TB,total} = 0,05 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K}) !!$ 

Influence of thermal bridge pile foundation  $U_{TB, piles} = 0.04 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$ 









### **Building envelope: Garage ceiling**









### **Building envelope: Brick facade**

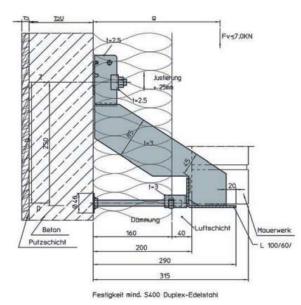
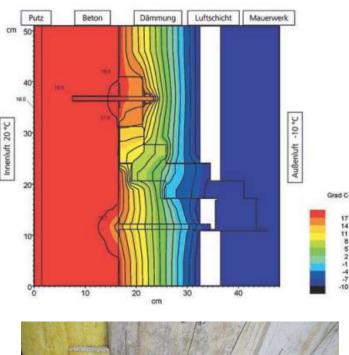


Bild 18. WK-D-290-7,0- Lean Duplex Rostfrei D4 Fig. 18. WK-D-290-7,0 lean duplex stainless steel D4

Brick facade 24 cm Insulation Thermal conductivity: 032  $U = 0,137 \text{ W/(m^2K)}$  incl. Brackets and wind anchor







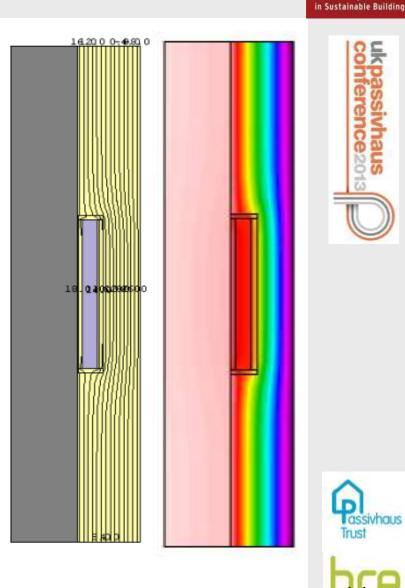




### **Building envelope: Conduit ventilation**







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Source: Herz & Lang GmbH

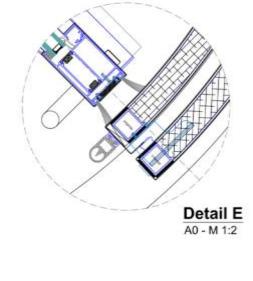
#### Improvements for use in a Passive House - Double glazing Ug = 1,1 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)

**Building envelope: Revolving door** 

- Insulated curved panels
- Thermal break profiles in the vertikal, floor and ceiling ring
- Double brush seal
- Standard position to 360  $^\circ$  , warm side returns to the inside after rotation

# Source: architekten professor arno lederer, jorunn ragnarsdóttir, marc oei; Blasi GmbH



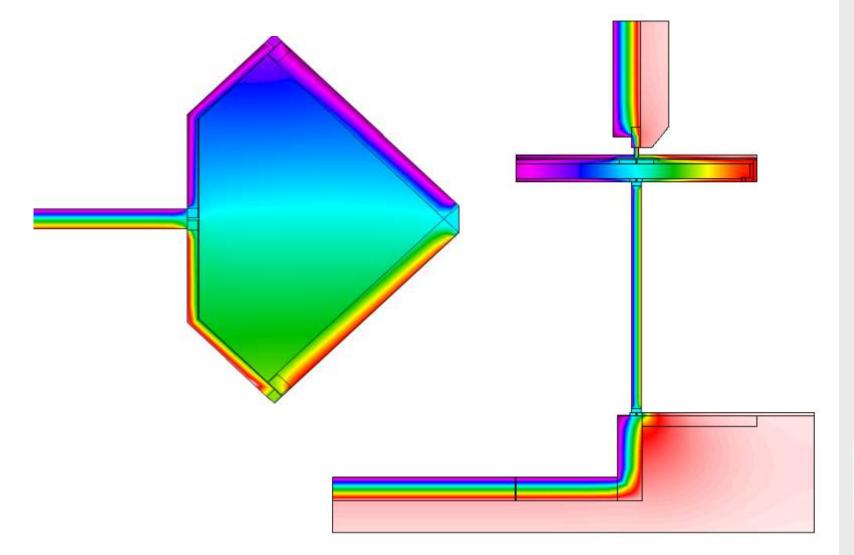






### **Building envelope: Revolving door**





Source: Herz & Lang GmbH

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# **Building envelope: Air tightness** $(n_{50} < 0,40 \text{ }1/h)$



### Prüfbericht

über die Luftdichtheitsmessung

#### Das Gebäude/Objekt

Kunstmuseum Ravensburg

Burgstraße 9 88212 Ravensburg

04.12.12 hat am bei der Messung der Luftdichtheit nach DIN EN 13829, Verfahren A folgenden Wert für die Luftwechselrate bei 50 Pascal erzielt:

> n 50 0.30 1/h =

Die Anforderungen an die Luftdichtheit nach Passivhausinstitut betragen bei Gebäuden mit raumlufttechnischen Anlagen:

> n 50 <

0.6 1/h

#### Die Anforderungen der Vorschrift werden erfüllt.

21.12.2012

Schmerker

pole

Herz&Lang GmbH Ritzensonnenhalb 5a D-87480 Weitnau

Herz & Lang GmbH Die Fachplaner für energieeffizientes Bauen Ritzensonnenhalb 5a 87480 Weitnau Tel. 0 83 75 / 92 1133-0 Fax 92 1133-55 dieter.herz@herz-lang.de

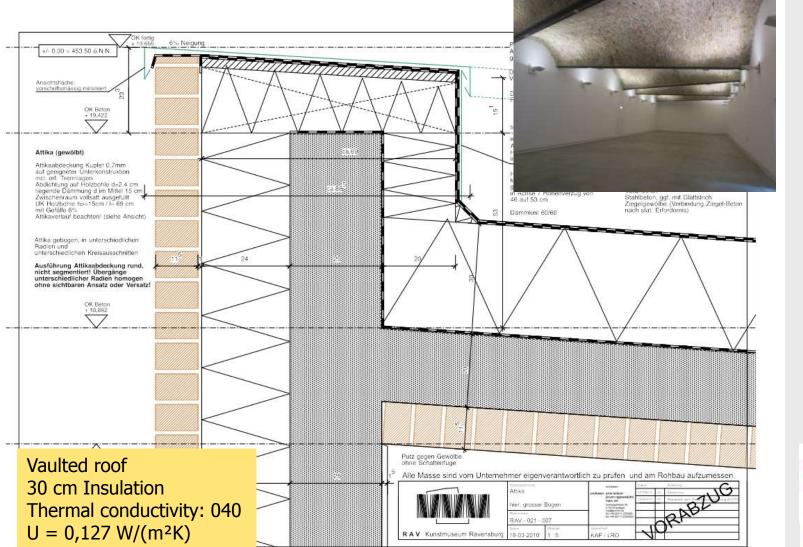
Air tightness results:  $n_{50} = 0,30 [1/h]$  $q_{50} = 0,71 \text{ m}^3/(\text{m}^2\text{h})$ 







### **Building envelope: Vaulted roof**



Source: architekten professor arno lederer, jorunn ragnarsdóttir, marc oei



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### **Building Services**

#### **Requirements for the indoor environment** for the protection of works of art

Room air temperature Relative humidity 20-24 °C 50 % +/- 5 %

#### Heating and cooling

- Gas absorption heat pump 40kW, COP 1.6 with borehole heat exchangers 15kW and buffer tank
- Concrete core temperature control for heating and cooling of ceilings (base load)
- Flow temperature max. 35/28°C for CCTC (concrete core temperature control) and post heating ventilation max. 35/28°C
- Domestic hot water via decentralized mounted boilers







#### Source: Vogt und Feist. Herz & Lang GmbH

### **Building Services**

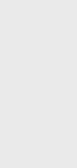
#### Ventilation

- Large unit with heat and moisture recovery (Menerga)
- VOC/CO2- sensors and motion detectors control the ventilation / air flow
- Fresh air rate minimized by air recirculation mode (90%)
- Supply air temperature 20-24 °C in the standard case at higher heating load (peak) with 30-35 °C
- Conditioning (humidification and dehumidification)
- Brine heat exchanger for preheating of fresh air to about 5-7 °C, also for cooling

### Lighting

- Occupancy sensor and ambient light sensor
- Fluorescent lights, single spotlights and LEDs







### Passive Courthouse/Prison Korneuburg 2012

1st jail and courthouse PHI certified in Austria and worldwide



68.000 m<sup>3</sup> enclosed space (RC+Hybrid)
27.000 m<sup>2</sup> Heated area
Construction Cost 65 Mil. Euro











Source: Arge Dieter Mathoi Architekten & dina4

# **Office building Airoptima = energy<sup>+</sup>**

Shell: baseplate 20cm, EIFS 20cm, roof 45cm Technology: brine heat pump, 8\*decentral ventilation systems

- 56.000 kWh

Treated floor area	=	910 m²
Space heat demand	=	4,9 kWh/(m²a)
End energy consumption	=	29.800 kWh

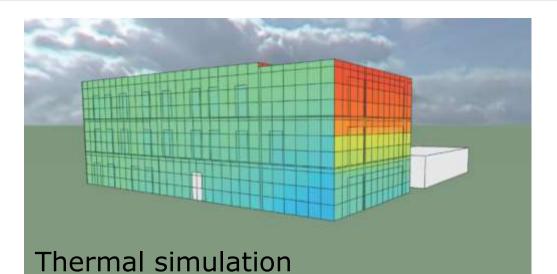






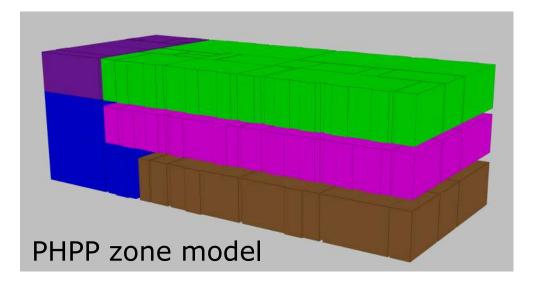


### **Thermal simulation and PHPP-calculation**





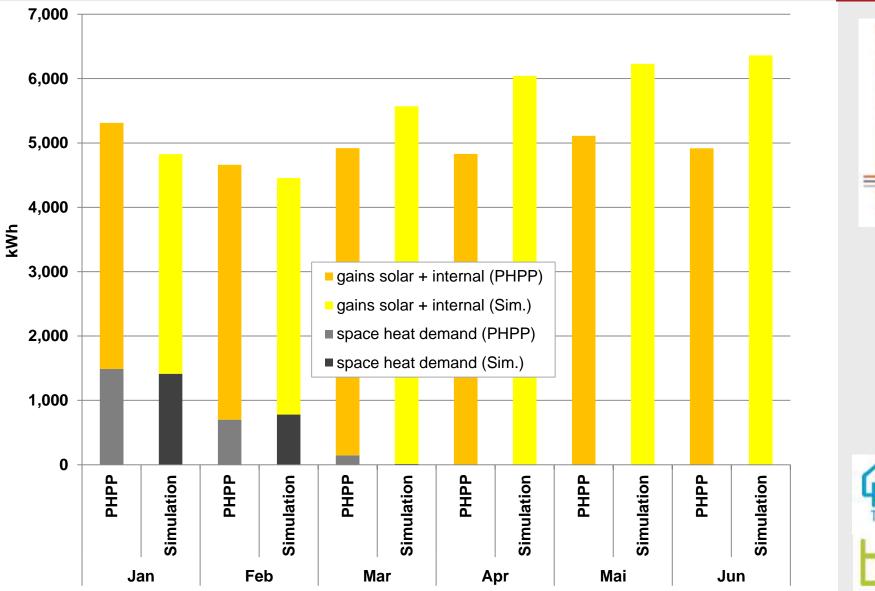
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### **PHPP and Simulation in comparison**

space heat demand and gains solar+internal





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### Passive School Buchloe/Bavaria 2013









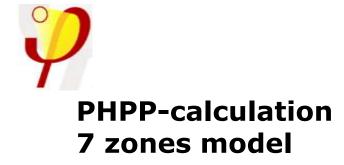
- Concrete construction with ventilated façade and EIFS(PS)
- 8200 m<sup>2</sup> Treated floor area
- Passive House Standard: Energy requirement for heating <15kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>a)
- Heating and warm water through ground water heat pump
- Central Ventilation: 84% Heat recovery

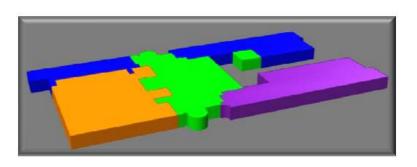




### **Passive School Buchloe/Bavaria 2013**











zone 1: classroom
zone 2: auxiliary rooms
zone 3: gymnasium
zone 4: break hall
zone 5: library
zone 6: aministration
zone 7: technic



### **Explorer Hotel Fischen / Bavaria 2010** 1st Passive Hotel worldwide with PHI certification





- 76 rooms
- TFA 2.522 m<sup>2</sup>
- Economy Class
- 3-Stars
- High comfort
- Low energy costs



#### Zero carbon building







Source: Sieber-Renn Architektur

# Explorer-Hotel Montafon / Austria 2011

1st Passive Hotel in Austria with PHI certification





• 100 rooms

• TFA 3.568 m<sup>2</sup>





### **Explorer-Hotel Neuschwanstein / Bavaria 2013**

• 100 rooms

• TFA 3.481 m<sup>2</sup>











### **Passive House Centre of Excellence** Kempten / Bavaria 2012





nference2013



Source: Sozialbau Kempten, Architekt Huber

### District Court Günzburg / Bavaria







Passive House is the current building standard for Bavarian government buildings since 2011



Source: Lehmann Architekten

#### Source: AB Berger Röcker, Georg Reisch GmbH

# **Postquartier Ravensburg**

Office building









# Helmholzzentrum

**Competition Munich 2013** 









Passive House Consulting

Source: Sauerbruch & Hutton Berlin

# Museum of Bavarian history

Regensburg 2013-2018







#### Passive House Consulting







Source: woernerund partner/frankfurt

### **Baaderstraße 7, Munich** EnerPHit Pilot project - Certification 2013



#### Zertifikat

Zertifikats-ID: 5800\_PHI\_EP\_20130313\_STh

Passivhaus Institut Dr. Wolfgang Feist Rheinstraße 44/46 D-64283 Darmstadt

nach Bauteilqualität

Wolfgang Feist

Das Passivhaus Institut verleiht dem Gebäude

#### BV Baaderstraße, Baaderstr. 7, D-80469 München

das Zertifikat

2	Bauherrschaft:	Baaderstraße GmbH & Co. KG Auerspitzstr. 7a, D-81549 München
	Architektur:	Peter Fink Architekten GmbH Mitterer str. 3, D-80336 München
Zertifizierte Modernisierung Passivhaus Institut	Haustechnik:	Feulner TGA-Planung Holzstr. 27, D-80469 München

Die Planung des Gebäudes erfüllt die vom Passivhaus Institut vorgegebenen Kriterien für die Modernisierung mit Passivhaus-Komponenten.

Bei sachgemäßer Bauausführung hat das Gebäude die folgenden Eigenschaften:

Gebäudekennwerte:	Kennwert	Grenzwert	
Jährlicher spezifischer Heizwärmebedarf	24 kWh/(m/a)	< 25 kWb/(kma)	5
Jährlicher spezifischer Primärenergiebedarf <sup>2</sup> for Heizung, Warmwasser, Lultung, Licht und elektr. Gerate bei Standardnutzung	117 kW/h/(m*s)	<ul> <li>127 america</li> </ul>	los
Luftdichtheit der Gebäudehülle nur-Wert laut Drucktest	0,86 1	≤ 1,0 %	6
Mittlerer Wärmeschutzstandard der Einzelbauteile:			
Außendämmung zu Außenluft Warmedurchgangskoeffizient	0,13 W/(m/K)	< 0,15 mmKs	-1
Außendämmung zu Erdreich <sup>2</sup> Warmedurchgangskoeffizient	0,25 W/(m/K)	(#	-1
Innendämmung zu Erdreich <sup>2</sup> Wärmedurchgangskoeffizient	0,32 W/(m <sup>3</sup> K)		_1
Wärmebrücken A. Gebäudehülle (ohne Fenstereinbau-Warmebrücke)	0,17 W/(m/K)	kein Grenzwert	
Fenster Wirmedurchgangskoeffizient U <sub>weinstear</sub>	0,85 W/(m <sup>3</sup> K)	≤ 0,85 mm×r	-1
Außentüren Warmedurchgangskoeffizient Unwerkent	1,10 W/(m/K)	≤ 0,80 W(mbc)	-1
Lüftungsanlage effektiver Wärmebereitstellungsgrad	78 %	2 75	-1
Grenzwert hier hicht relevant. Grenzwert gebäudeabhängig unterschiedlich hoch	Grenzwert nicht er	re-chbar (Ausnahmerege	slung)
Zertifizierungskriterien erfüllt?	nach H	eizwärmebedarf	10

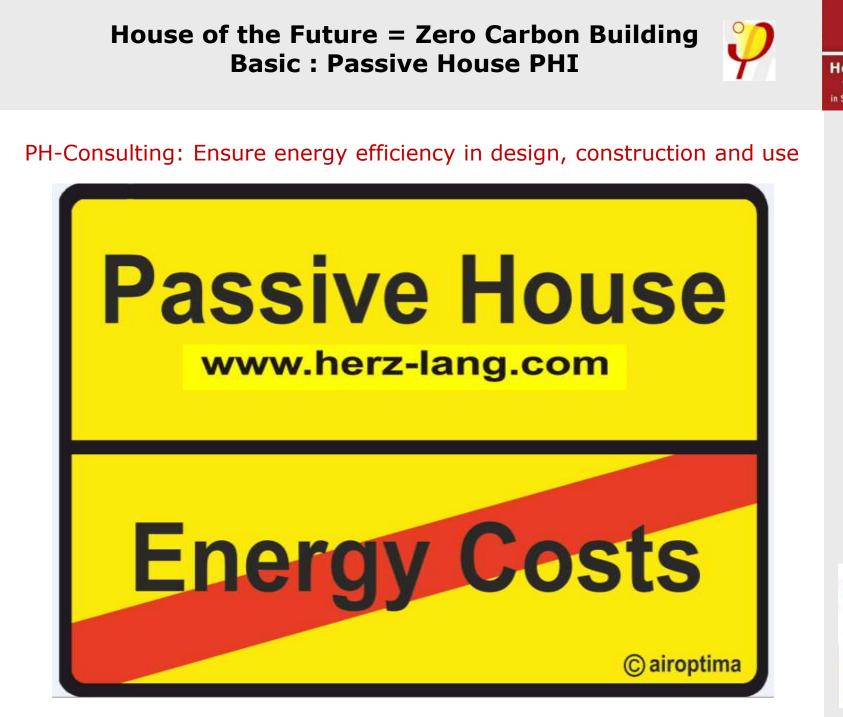
Zertinzie	rungskriterien erfulit?	
Auswahl des	Bewertungsverfahrens	

ausgestellt Darmstadt, den 13.03.2013





/haus





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