



Passivhaus at Scale: Progress in Wales

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Passivhaus Pilot

- Paola Sassi, Welsh School of
 Architecture
- "Strategies for Sustainable Architecture", 2006
- Elm Street Passivhaus in Cardiff, 2008







Welsh Government



- Building Regulations devolved, 2014
- Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act, 2015
- Environment (Wales) Act, 2016
- Innovative Housing Programme, 2017-2020
 - 3 year programme totalling £90M
 - 100% grant funding for "innovative elements"
 - Aimed at "upscaling" previously piloted technologies
 - Ongoing monitoring a condition of funding





Caerphilly Magistrate's Court

Linc

34 Over 55s Apartments









Caerphilly Magistrate's Court

• Four 3B5P houses for general needs social housing









Caerphilly Magistrate's Court

- Traditional build
 - Brick and block
 - Parge coat
 - Mineral wool full fill cavity insulation
- Building integrated photovoltaics







Procurement

- Competitive tender
- 6 contractors bid
- JCT Design & Build Contract
- Commenced 2018
- Completion forecast March 2020





Cost comparison



- Newport scheme with 57 Over 55s apartments
- Same contractor, same timescale, <u>not</u> Passivhaus







Cost comparison

- Newport scheme contract value £5.2M for 57 units
 - Apartments costing £91,000 each
- Caerphilly Passivhaus contract value £5M for 38 units
 - Apartments costing £135,000 each
- Passivhaus scheme costing almost 50% more





Phase 2

Purchase of adjacent police station site







Phase 2 - Challenges



- Caerphilly Council keen on Passivhaus
- IHP funding not available for "Phase 2"
- Additional requirement for SUDS in Wales from January 2020





Phase 2 - Opportunities



- Same design team & aesthetic approach
- Opportunity to negotiate with same contractor and draw on their experience
- Opportunity for Cost v Function analysis to apply lessons learned – review Linc's standard spec
- Early adoption of Part L review to update Building Regulations





Value Engineering



- Series of value engineering workshops
- Attended by architect, M&E engineer, contractor
- Analysis of trade off between M&E strategy and building fabric





Lessons learned



- 2 kinds of additional costs with Passivhaus:
 - Unavoidable extra materials you can't build Passivhaus
 without
 - Avoidable non Passivhaus OR elements that can be designed out





Unavoidable costs of Passivhaus

- Extra insulation
- Triple glazed windows
- MVHR
- The above costs can all be measured
- Remember to omit cost of conventional ventilation, heating etc.





Variable costs of Passivhaus

- Airtightness (depends on detailing)
- Additional time for trades and management (more difficult to measure)
- Beware of overspecification of tapes etc.
- Non Passivhaus costs hugely significant
- Variable costs can be small (Porotherm blocks)





Certification costs

- Additional airtightness testing
- Passivhaus certification fee
- Passivhaus designer fees
 - Often additional member of design team





First time costs

- Training
- Additional time
 - Procurement of materials
 - Site supervision and QA inspection
 - Airtightness "champion"





Avoidable costs - Design

- Restrain architectural "statements"
 - Expensive elements (lintels)
 - Cost effective ornamentation (brick panels)
- Avoid additional innovation
- Keep structure simple
 - No cantilevers
 - Straight line loads





Avoidable costs - procurement

- "Risk money"
- Inherent costs of Design & Build contract
- Programming & planning





The "Skills Gap"

- Performance gap across construction industry
- Trade skills blamed
- Trades will do what they are told to do and paid to do
- Does fault lie with designers "Belt and braces" approach to airtightness?
- Are unrealistic performance figures forecast?





The real "Skills Gap"

- Major skills gap with Quantity Surveyors
- Estimators price Passivhaus incorrectly
 - Inadequate knowledge
 - No training prior to pricing
 - Innapropriate "trade" training, often only once contract is won
 - Lack of accurate historic cost data (not shared)
- Projects sequenced incorrectly
 - Time taken for additional elements such as taping unknown





The real "Skills Gap"



- Client's cost plans don't identify that designs are beyond budget
- Employers Agents amend contracts so Passivhaus is guaranteed by the contractor (JCT clause)





Risk premium

- Contractors add money to cover their risk
- Justified in doing so?:
 - MVHR won't fit in kitchen cupboards
 - Lifting eyes required for RC planks
 - Drying times increased with smaller windows





Designed in costs



- Form should follow function
- Aesthetics should not be first consideration
- Ornament buildings later in design process
- Architects usually brought in first
- Role of architect as lead consultant outdated





Learning curve

- 25% additional costs possible with first time clients, design teams, contractors, subcontractors
- 5% additional costs not unrealistic if lessons are learned and applied
 - Bring in experience <u>early</u> PM, M&E, Passivhaus Designer
 - Early training for project team
 - Form must follow function
 - Early training for bidding contractors procurement!
 - Detailed design prior to contract procurement!
 - Early contractor involvement procurement!





Passivhaus by another name

- Part L being reviewed
- Insulation requirements tightened further
- Airtightness increased further
- MVHR as standard indoor air quality
- Passivhaus experience will increasingly become a competitive advantage even if only building to Regs





ukpassivhaus conference 2019





